

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2020/878 Issue date: 3/27/2007 Revision date: 9/13/2022 Version: 5.0

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Chemical type	: Substance
Trade name	: Hydrogenated pyrogasoline
Trade name	: Hydrogenated pyrogasoline
EC Index-No.	: 649-340-00-7
EC-No.	: 295-443-1
CAS-No.	: 92045-61-9
REACH registration No	: 01-2119488515-28-0000
IUPAC name	: Hydrocarbons, C4-12, naphtha-cracking, hydrotreated
Synonyms	: Hydrogenated pyrogasoline

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

### 1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Main use category : Industrial/Professional use spec :	Industrial use,Professional use Industrial
	Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures
	Distribution of substance
	Manufacture of substance
	Use as an intermediate
Function or use category :	Fuels, Intermediate

1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

### **1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

SLOVNAFT, a.s. a.s. Vlčie hrdlo 1 SK– 824 12 Bratislava Slovakia T +421-(0)2/4055-1111 - F +421-(0)2/5859-9759 info@slovnaft.sk

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

#### Emergency number

: Podnikový dispečing 1: ++0421(0)2/4055 3344

Country	Organisation/Company	Address	Emergency number	Comment
Ireland	National Poisons Information Centre Beaumont Hospital	PO Box 1297 Beaumont Road 9 Dublin	+353 1 809 2566 (Healthcare professionals- 24/7) +353 1 809 2166 (public, 8am - 10pm, 7/7)	
Israel	Israel Poison Information Center Rambam Health Care Campus	6 Ha'Aliya Street 31096 Haifa	+972 4 854 1900	
Malta	Medicines & Poisons Info Office	Mater Dei Hospital MSD 2090 Msida	+356 2545 6508	
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service (Belfast Centre) Royal Victoria Hospital	Grosvenor Road BT12 6BA Belfast	0344 892 0111	Only for healthcare professionals

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Country	Organisation/Company	Address	Emergency number	Comment
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service (Birmingham Centre) City Hospital	Dudley Road B18 7QH Birmingham	0344 892 0111	Only for healthcare professionals
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service (Cardiff Centre) University Hospital Llandough	Penlan Road CF64 2XX Cardiff	0344 892 0111	Only for healthcare professionals
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service (Edinburgh Centre) Royal Infirmary of Edinburgh	Little France Crescent EH16 4SA Edinburgh	0344 892 0111	Only for healthcare professionals
United Kingdom	Guy's & St Thomas' Poisons Unit Medical Toxicology Unit, Guy's & St Thomas' Hospital Trust	Avonley Road SE14 5ER London	+44 20 7188 7188	
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service (Newcastle Centre) Regional Drugs and Therapeutics Centre	16/17 Framlington Place Newcastle-upon-Tyne NE2 4AB Newcastle	0344 892 0111	Only for healthcare professionals

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1.	Classification	of	the	substance	or	mixture	

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	
Flammable liquids, Category 2	H225
Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	H315
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2	H319
Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 1B	H340
Carcinogenicity, Category 1B	H350
Aspiration hazard, Category 1	H304
Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 2	H411
Full text of H- and FLIH-statements: see section 16	

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

### Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

No additional information available

## 2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/20	008 [CLP]
Hazard pictograms (CLP)	
	GHS02 GHS07 GHS08 GHS09
Signal word (CLP)	: Danger
Hazard statements (CLP)	: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
	H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
	H315 - Causes skin irritation.
	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
	H340 - May cause genetic defects.
	H350 - May cause cancer.
	H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Bracoutionany atotomonto (CLD)	
Precautionary statements (CLP)	: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
	P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
	P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2020/878

P301+P310+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label).

## 2.3. Other hazards

Contains no PBT/vPvB substances  $\geq$  0.1% assessed in accordance with REACH Annex XIII Endocrine disruptors: not yet evaluated

#### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substances

Name :	UVCB SN / 295-443-1 / Hydrocarbons, C4-12, naphtha-cracking, hydrotreated 92045-61-9
	295-443-1 649-340-00-7

Name	Product identifier	%
SN / 295-443-1 / Hydrocarbons, C4-12, naphtha- cracking, hydrotreated	CAS-No.: 92045-61-9 EC-No.: 295-443-1 EC Index-No.: 649-340-00-7 REACH-no: 01-2119488515- 28-0000	100
benzene	CAS-No.: 71-43-2 EC-No.: 200-753-7 EC Index-No.: 601-020-00-8 REACH-no: 05-2114576382- 44-0000	30 – 35
olefinic hydrocarbons	-	18 – 27
aromatic hydrocarbons	-	14 – 25
toluene	CAS-No.: 108-88-3 EC-No.: 203-625-9 EC Index-No.: 601-021-00-3 REACH-no: 01-2119471310- 51-0018	13 – 17
saturated hydrocarbons	-	8 – 15

## 3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures after inhalation	: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Inhalation of vapours may cause headache, nausea, vomiting and an altered state of consciousness. Obtain medical advice for further treatment.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Wash with water and soap. Remove contaminated clothing, contaminated footwear and dispose of safely.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Immediately consult a doctor/medical service. Do not induce vomiting.

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2020/878

4.2. Most important symptoms and effe	cts, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: Headache. Inhalation of vapours may cause headache, nausea, vomiting and an altered state of consciousness. Vomiting. Breath has characteristic odour.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Cracking of the skin. Irritation may arise in case of repeated or prolonged exposure.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Burns.
4.3. Indication of any immediate medica	al attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures	
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam (trained personnel only). Water fog (trained personnel only). Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide. Other inert gases (subject to regulations). Sand or earth.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use direct water jets on the burning product. they could cause splattering and spread the fire. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

#### No additional information available

5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protection during firefighting	In case of a large fire or in confined or poorly ventilated spaces, wear full fire resistant protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Other information	: Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide. unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures		
6.1. Personal precautions, protective ec	6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel		
Protective equipment	: Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and antistatic material. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Work helmet. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory protection: a half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours/H2S, or a Self-contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.	
Emergency procedures	<ul> <li>Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with released material. Stay upwind. In case of large spillages, alert occupants in downwind areas. Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages. The feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so (e.g. electricity, sparks, fires, flares). If required, notify relevant authorities according to all applicable regulations. If necessary dike the product with dry earth, sand or similar non-combustible materials. Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit vapour cloud formation. Do not use direct jets. When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation.</li> </ul>	

## 6.1.2. For emergency responders

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2020/878

### **6.2. Environmental precautions**

Prevent product from entering sewers, rivers or other bodies of water, or underground spaces (tunnels, cellars, etc.). Absorb spilled product with suitable non-combustible materials. Transfer collected product and other contaminated materials to suitable containers for recovery or safe disposal. In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil and treat in accordance with local regulations. In case of small spillages in closed waters, contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. Collect spilled product by absorbing with specific floating absorbents. If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other mechanical means. Contain spillage – ventilate area and allow to evaporate. The use of dispersants should be advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

: Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions. For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

7.1. Precautions for safe handling		
Precautions for safe handling Handling temperature	<ul> <li>Obtain special instructions before use. Risk of explosive mixtures of vapour and air. Ensure that all relevant regulations regarding explosive atmospheres, and handling and storage facilities of flammable products, are followed. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid contact with the hot product. Avoid release to the environment. Take precautionary measures against static electricity. Ground/bond containers, tanks and transfer/receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. The vapour is heavier than air. Beware of accumulation in pits and confined spaces. Use only bottom loading of tankers, in compliance with European legislation. Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not ingest. Do not breathe vapours. Use adequate personal protective equipment as required. For more information regarding protective equipment and operational conditions see Exposure scenarios. Ensure that proper housekeeping measures are in place. Keep away from food and beverages. Wash the hands thoroughly after handling. Change contaminated clothes a the end of working shift.</li> <li>10 − 50 °C</li> </ul>	
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, in	cluding any incompatibilities	
Technical measures	: Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area, check the atmosphere for oxygen content and flammability. Light hydrocarbon vapours can build up in the headspace of containers. These can cause flammability / explosion hazards. Open slowly in order to control possible pressure release. Empty containers may contain flammable product residues. Do not weld, solder, drill, cut or incinerate empty containers, unless they have been properly cleaned.	
Storage conditions	<ul> <li>Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.</li> </ul>	
Storage temperature	: 5 – 40 °C	
Information on mixed storage	: KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: (strong) acids. (strong) bases. halogens. heat sources. oxidizing agents. peroxides.	
Storage area	: Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant European, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds in case of leaks or spills. Store separately from oxidising agents.	
Special rules on packaging	: If the product is supplied in containers: Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product. Keep containers tightly closed and properly labelled. Protect from the sunlight.	

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Packaging materials	Recommended materials: For containers, or container linings use materials specifically
	approved for use with this product. some synthetic materials may be unsuitable for
	containers or container linings depending on the material specification and intended use.
	Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

This substance is handled under Strictly Controlled Conditions in accordance with REACH regulation Article 17(3) for on-site isolated intermediates. in case the substance is transported to other sites for further processing, the substance should be handled at these sites under the Strictly Controlled Conditions as specified in REACH regulation Article 18(4). Site documentation to support safe handling arrangements including the selection of engineering, administrative and personal protective equipment controls in accordance with risk-based management systems is available at each manufacturing site. Written confirmation of application of Strictly Controlled Conditions has been received from every affected Distributor and Downstream Processor/User of the Registrant's intermediate.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## 8.1. Control parameters

### 8.1.1 National occupational exposure and biological limit values

benzene (71-43-2)		
EU - Biological Limit Value (BLV)		
Local name	Benzene	
BLV	28 μg/l Parameter: benzene - Medium: blood - Sampling time: immediately end of shift 46 μg/g creatinine Parameter: phenylmercapturic - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of exposure/shift	
Regulatory reference	SCOEL List of recommended health-based BLVs and BGVs	
Croatia - Occupational Exposure Limits		
GVI (OEL TWA) [1]	3.25	
GVI (OEL TWA) [2]	1	
KGVI (OEL STEL) [ppm]	1 ppm	
Croatia - Biological limit values		
Remark	4,99 mmol/l u krajnje izdahnutom zraku	
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	BENZOL	
AK (OEL TWA)	3.25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Remark	k(1A) (rákkeltő), b (Bőrön át is felszívódik), i (ingerlő anyag, amely izgatja a bőrt, nyálkahártyát, szemet vagy mindhármat), BEM (biológiai expozíciós mutató); EU6 (2019/130 EU irányelvben közölt érték); T (Azok az anyagok, amelyek egészségkárosító hatása TARTÓS expozíciót követően jelentkezik)	
Regulatory reference	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet - A kémiai kóroki tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről	
Hungary - Biological Exposure Indices		
Local name	Benzol	
BEI	<ul> <li>0.04 mg/g creatinine Biológiai expozíciós (hatás) mutató: S-fenilmerkaptursav - Biológiai minta: vizeletben - Mintavétel ideje: m.v. (műszak végén)</li> <li>0.22 μmol/mmol Creatinine Biológiai expozíciós (hatás) mutató: S-fenilmerkaptursav - Biológiai minta: vizeletben - Mintavétel ideje: m.v. (műszak végén)</li> </ul>	
Regulatory reference	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet - A kémiai kóroki tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről	

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2020/878

toluene (108-88-3)		
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)		
Local name	Toluène	
IOEL TWA	192 mg/m³	
IOEL TWA [ppm]	50 ppm	
IOEL STEL	384 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
IOEL STEL [ppm]	100 ppm	
Remark	Peau	
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits	•	
Local name	TOLUOL	
AK (OEL TWA)	190 mg/m³	
CK (OEL STEL)	380 mg/m³	
Remark	b (Bőrön át is felszívódik), i (ingerlő anyag, amely izgatja a bőrt, nyálkahártyát, szemet vagy mindhármat); BEM (biológiai expozíciós mutató); EU2 (2006/15/EK irányelvben közölt érték); R+T (Azok az anyagok, amelyek RÖVID és TARTÓS expozíciója is egészségkárosodást okoz)	
Regulatory reference	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet - A kémiai kóroki tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről	
Hungary - Biological Exposure Indices		
Local name	Toluol	
BEI	<ol> <li>1 mg/g creatinine Biológiai expozíciós (hatás) mutató: o-krezol - Biológiai minta: vizeletben</li> <li>- Mintavétel ideje: m.v. (műszak végén)</li> <li>1 μmol/mmol Creatinine Biológiai expozíciós (hatás) mutató: o-krezol - Biológiai minta:</li> <li>vizeletben - Mintavétel ideje: m.v. (műszak végén)</li> </ol>	
Regulatory reference	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet - A kémiai kóroki tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről	

### 8.1.2. Recommended monitoring procedures

No additional information available

## 8.1.3. Air contaminants formed

No additional information available

## 8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC

Hydrogenated pyrogasoline (92045-61-9)	
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	
Long-term - local effects, dermal	23.4
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	3.25 mg/m³

#### 8.1.5. Control banding

No additional information available

8.2. Exposure controls

## 8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

## Appropriate engineering controls:

Where hot product is handled in confined spaces, effective local ventilation must be provided.

## 8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

## Personal protective equipment:

Gloves. Protective goggles. Protective clothing. Gas mask with filter type A.

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2020/878

### Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



#### 8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection

#### Eye protection:

If splashing is likely, full head and face protection (protective shield and/or safety goggles) should be used. If contact is likely, a protection (protective shield and/or safety goggles) should be used.

#### 8.2.2.2. Skin protection

#### Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Coveralls should be changed at the end of the work shift and cleaned as necessary to avoid transfer of product to clothes or underwear. Protective clothing. Protection against chemicals (EN ISO 6529).

#### Hand protection:

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training. Gloves must be periodically inspected and changed in case of wear, perforations or contaminations. Permeation time: minimum >480min long term exposure; material / thickness [mm]:

#### 8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

#### **Respiratory protection:**

to avoid respiratory tract irritation inhalation exposure should be kept to a minimum. If exposure levels cannot be determined or estimated with adequate confidence, or an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used. If necessary, approved respiratory protection equipment shall be used when handling hot product in confined spaces: enclosed face mask with cartridge/filter type "A" or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Change filter cartridge on respirator daily. Recommended: Filter AX (brown).

#### 8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

#### Thermal hazard protection:

None in normal conditions.

#### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

#### Environmental exposure controls:

Store finished products in closed containers (e.g, bulk tanks, drums, cans). Store all VOC-containing wastes in closed, secure containers (e.g, bulk tanks, intermediate bulk containers, drums). Incinerate, absorb, or adsorb vapours stripped from solution whenever necessary. Use vapour recovery units when necessary. Carefully handle the substance to minimise releases.

#### Consumer exposure controls:

Substance registered as Isolated intermediate under SCC). This substance is handled under Strictly Controlled Conditions in accordance with REACH regulation Article 17(3) for on-site isolated intermediates. In case the substance is transported to other sites for further processing, the substance should be handled at these sites under the Strictly Controlled Conditions as specified in REACH regulation Article 18(4). Site documentation to support safe handling arrangements including the selection of engineering, administrative and personal protective equipment controls in accordance with risk-based management systems is available at each manufacturing site. Written confirmation of application of Strictly Controlled Conditions has been received from every affected Distributor and Downstream Processor/User of the Registrant's intermediate.

#### Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties	
9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties	
Physical state	: Liquid
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: gasoline-like.
Odour threshold	: No data available
рН	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 93.4 °C
Flash point	: 35 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Decomposition temperature Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available : No data available : 6.7 kPa at 20°C
Vapour pressure Relative vapour density at 20°C	: 0.7 KPa at 20 C
Relative density	: 0.85
Density	: 848.3 kg/m³ at 20°C
Solubility	: No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidising properties	: No data available
Explosive limits	: No data available

## 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

This substance is stable under all ordinary circumstances at ambient temperatures, and if released into the environment.

#### **10.2. Chemical stability**

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Contact with strong oxidizers (peroxides, chromates, etc.) may cause a fire hazard.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

They may be ignited by heat, sparks, static electricity or flames.

#### **10.5. Incompatible materials**

A mixture with nitrates or other strong oxidisers (e.g. chlorates, perchlorates, liquid oxygen) may create an explosive mass.

**10.6. Hazardous decomposition products** 

No decomposition if stored normally.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information	1	
11.1 Information on toxicological ef	ffects	
Acute toxicity (oral) Acute toxicity (dermal) Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified : Not classified : Not classified	
Hydrogenated pyrogasoline (92045	5-61-9)	
LD50 oral rat	930 mg/kg	
LD50 dermal rat	> 9400 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	10000 ppm/4h 7h	
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified	
Germ cell mutagenicity	: May cause genetic defects.	
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer.	
Reproductive toxicity	Not classified	
STOT-single exposure	: Not classified	

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2020/878

toluene (108-88-3)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT-repeated exposure :	Not classified
benzene (71-43-2)	
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
toluene (108-88-3)	
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard :	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

SECTION 12: Ecological information	
12.1. Toxicity	
Ecology - general Ecology - air Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute) Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic)	<ul> <li>DANGEROUS FOR THE ENVIRONMENT.</li> <li>Not dangerous for the ozone layer (Council Regulation (EC).</li> <li>Not classified</li> <li>Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Hydrogenated pyrogasoline (92045-61-9)	
LC50 - Other aquatic organisms [1]	> 100 mg/l Literature data

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No additional information available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

## No additional information available

12.4. Mobility in soil	
Hydrogenated pyrogasoline (92045-61-9)	
Surface tension	0.0289 N/m (at 20 °C)
Ecology - soil	Evaporates easily from water. If leaking on soil the material reaches ground water, it may spread easily.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No additional information available

12.6. Other adverse effects

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations	
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Regional legislation (waste)	: Dispose in accordance with local regulations. DIRECTIVE 2008/98/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives.
Waste treatment methods	: Contain and dispose of waste according to local regulations. External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations. External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations. Where possible (e.g. in the absence of relevant contamination), recycling of used substance is feasible and recommended.

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Sewage disposal recommendations	: Do not empty into drains, dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point. Do not empty into drains; dispose of this material and its container in a safe way.
Waste disposal recommendations	<ul> <li>Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Dispose of waste or used sacks/containers according to local regulations.</li> </ul>
Additional information	: (*) Hazardous waste according to Directive 91/689/EEC European Waste Catalogue code(s) (Decision 2001/118/CE): The final user has the responsibility for the attribution of the most suitable code, according to the actual use(s) of the material, contaminations or alterations.
Ecology - waste materials	: Hazardous waste. Avoid any discharge of the product into waste water. Disposal in high- temperature incinerator (> 1200 °C).
EWC (EURAL) code	: 07 01 04* - other organic solvents, washing liquids and mother liquors

## SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID

ADR	RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1. UN number				
3295	3295	3295	3295	3295
14.2. UN proper shi	pping name	1	1	1
HYDROCARBONS,	HYDROCARBONS,	HYDROCARBONS,	HYDROCARBONS,	Hydrocarbons, liquid
LIQUID, N.O.S.	LIQUID, N.O.S.	LIQUID, N.O.S.	LIQUID, N.O.S.	n.o.s.
14.3. Transport haz				
3	3	3	3	3
14.4. Packing group				
II	П	Ш	Ш	Ш
14.5. Environmenta	I hazards			
Dangerous for th		Dangerous for the	Dangerous for the	Dangerous for the
environment : Yes	environment : Yes	environment : Yes	environment : Yes Marine pollutant : Yes	environment : Yes
14.6. Special preca	utions for user			
33	33		EmS-No. (Fire) F-E	
			EmS-No. (Spillage) S-D	
Special provisions (ADR)	:			
640D	Special provisions (RID):			
	640C			
F1	F1	F1		
	No.e	upplementary information ava	ilable	
	INO S	applementary information ava	แลมษ	

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2020/878

#### Not listed on REACH Annex XVII

#### Not listed on the REACH Candidate List

Not listed on REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

Not listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012)

Not listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021)

Not listed on the Ozone Depletion list (Regulation EU 1005/2009)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Explosives Precursors list (Regulation EU 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors) Contains substance(s) listed on the Drug Precursors list (Regulation EC 273/2004 on the manufacture and the placing on market of certain substances used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances)

Name	CN designation	CAS-No.	CN code	Category	Threshold	Annex
Toluene		108-88-3	2902 30 00	Category 3		Annex I

#### 15.1.2. National regulations

France	
Occupational diseases	
Code	Description
RG 4	Hematopathies caused by benzene and all products containing it
RG 4 BIS	Gastrointestinal disorders caused by benzene, toluene, xylenes and all products containing them
RG 84	Conditions caused by liquid organic solvents for professional use: saturated or unsaturated aliphatic or cyclic liquid hydrocarbons and mixtures thereof; liquid halogenated hydrocarbons; nitrated derivatives of aliphatic hydrocarbons; alcohols; glycols, glycol ethers; ketones; aldehydes; aliphatic and cyclic ethers, including tetrahydrofuran; esters; dimethylformamide and dimethylacetamine; acetonitrile and propionitrile; pyridine; dimethylsulfone and dimethylsulfoxide

#### Germany

Connany	
Water hazard class (WGK)	<ul> <li>Not classified according to Regulation Governing Systems for Handling Substances Hazardous to Waters (AwSV)</li> </ul>
Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV)	: Is not subject of the Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV)
Netherlands	
SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen	: SN / 295-443-1 / Hydrocarbons, C4-12, naphtha-cracking, hydrotreated is listed
SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen	: SN / 295-443-1 / Hydrocarbons, C4-12, naphtha-cracking, hydrotreated is listed
SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Borstvoeding	: The substance is not listed
SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen –	: The substance is not listed
Vruchtbaarheid	
SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Ontwikkeling	: The substance is not listed
Denmark	
Class for fire hazard	: Class II-1
Store unit	: 5 liter
Classification remarks	: R10 <h225;h304;h315;h319;h340;h350;h411>; Emergency management guidelines for the storage of flammable liquids must be followed</h225;h304;h315;h319;h340;h350;h411>
Danish National Regulations	: Young people below the age of 18 years are not allowed to use the product
	Pregnant/breastfeeding women working with the product must not be in direct contact with the product
	The requirements from the Danish Working Environment Authorities regarding work with
	carcinogens must be followed during use and disposal
Switzerland	
Storage class (LK)	: LK 3 - Flammable liquids
45.2 Chemical actaty accomment	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

SECTION 16: Other information	
Data sources	: LOA registration dossier.

Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Training advice

: Before handling, storing or using the present substance for the first time, employees must be informed.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:	
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity, Category 1B
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids, Category 2
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H340	May cause genetic defects.
H350	May cause cancer.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Muta. 1B	Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2

SDS EU (REACH Annex II) MOL

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.